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LETTER DATED 30 OCTOBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

Upon instructions from my Government, I have the honour to bring the latest cases of Iraqi violations of the terms of the cease-fire to your attention.

1. On 9 August 1991, an Iranian soldier who had travelled to Mamak village at the geographical coordinates of 29-16 on the map of Alavan was kidnapped by anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq.

2. On 16 August 1991, from 1900 to 2300 hours, five Iraqi soldiers were observed constructing a bunker at the geographical coordinates of 680-244 on the map of Kani Sheikh.

3. On 19 August 1991, at 0140 hours, several anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq attached and injured two Iranian soldiers at the geographical coordinates of 91-76 on the map of Siparoz.

4. On 19 August 1991, at 1500 hours, anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq engaged with Iranian forces at observation post No. 1 of Alvatan and subsequently returned to Iraq.

5. On 20 August 1991, at 1530 hours, anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq fired from a southerly direction at observation post No. 2 of Alvatan at the geographical coordinates of 203-314 on the map of Alavan. Following the reaction of Iranian forces they returned to Iraq.

6. On 22 August 1991, from 0750 to 1130 hours, eight Iraqi soldiers were observed constructing a bunker at the geographical coordinates of 714-220 on the map of Halaleh.

7. On 22 August 1991, at 1840 hours, four Iraqi soldiers were observed constructing a bunker at the geographical coordinates of 70-21 on the map of Chezabeh.

8. On 23 August 1991, five Iraqi soldiers were observed constructing a bunker at the geographical coordinates of 714-220 on the map of Halaleh.

9. On 24 August 1991, 18 Iraqi soldiers were observed engaged in military exercises at the geographical coordinates of 56-41 on the map of north Noor.

10. On 24 August 1991, a number of anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq were observed at the geographical coordinates of 268-886 on the map of Siparoz.

11. On 25 August 1991, at 1530 hours, 56 mortar shells of 81 mm and 120 mm calibre were fired from Iraq towards the northern side of Gardpey base. The mortar shells hit 500 metres away from the village of Groomis at the geographical coordinates of 475-865 on the map of Sardasht and resulted in the martyrdom of a village woman.

12. On 25 August 1991, 15 anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq attached an Iranian border patrol between border pillars Nos. 444 and 445 situated between Dogoosh and Meidan border posts. Following the arrival of forces from the neighbouring border posts the attacking anti-revolutionaries retreated into Iraq.

13. On 26 August 1991, at 0645 hours, some 40 anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq attacked Shalmash base in the Sardasht area. As a result two Iranians were martyred, five others were injured and one was kidnapped.

14. On 26 August 1991, Iraqi forces deployed a mortar launcher at the geographical coordinates of 594-335 on the map of Kani Sheikh.

15. On 27 August 1991, at 1010 hours, five Iraqi soldiers were observed constructing an observation position along the border pillars at the geographical coordinates of 293-821 on the map of Nahr-e-Anbar.

16. On 27 August 1991, at 1330 hours, some 40 anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq were observed transporting ammunition by mules at the geographical coordinates of 95-95 on the map of Dizaj and Shayk Rivas valley.

17. On 29 August 1991, at 1330 hours, an Iranian soldier carrying arms and binoculars on patrol was kidnapped by Iraqi forces in the Sarbard area of Siparoz.

18. On 11 September 1991, at 2230 hours, anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq attacked Iranian forces in the vicinity of Banavileh village in Baneh which resulted in the death of six anti-revolutionary elements.

19. On 12 September 1991, at 1800 hours, several Iraqi officers and a jeep were observed checking the area at the geographical coordinates of 291-821 on the map of Nahr-e-Anbar.

20. On 15 September 1991, at 1850 hours, six Iraqi soldiers were observed constructing a bunker at the geographical coordinates of 542-246 on the map of Ghasr-e-Shirin.

21. On 15 August 1991, some 60 anti-revolutionary elements dispatched from Iraq were observed at Syah Kooh at the geographical coordinates of 92-82 on the map of Siparoz. Following the reaction of Iranian forces they retreated into Iraq.

22. On 16 August 1991, at 0900 hours, an anti-revolutionary element dispatched from Iraq was arrested at the geographical coordinates of 96-86 on the map of Siparoz.

23. On 17 August 1991, an Iraqi patrol unit at the geographical coordinates of 586-243 on the map of Ghasr-e-Shirin approached the Iranian position. Following the reaction of Iranian guards the Iraq unit retreated into Iraq.

24. On 18 August 1991, at 1400 hours, an Iraqi heavy vehicle with 12 soldiers on board and which was hauling an anti-aircraft gun was deployed at the geographical coordinates of 410-561 on the map of Naft-Shahr.

It would be highly appreciated if this letter was circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) Kamal KHARRAZI
Ambassador
Permanent Representative